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ABSTRACT BOOK

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OBSTETRICS, GYNECOLOGY AND MEDICAL GENETICS

Al Kasasbeh Thaer, Mubarak Ali,

INFLUENCE OF ANOMALIES LOCALIZATION OF PLACENTA ON FLOW OF PREGNANCY AND LABORS TERMINATION

Kharkiv National Medical University, Kharkiv, Ukraine

Introduction. The misplaced of a placenta frequently is accompanied with such complications, as threat of an abortion, development of fetoplacental insufficiency, bleeding in III trimester of pregnancy, in labors and in puerperal period.

The purpose and problems of work. Study of influence of anomalies of a locating of placenta on flow pregnancy, outcome of labors and condition of fetus.

Material and methods of research. 117 pregnant women are investigate, which the low placentation was revealed at realization of ultrasonic research at durations of gestation 22-24 weeks.

Results. The clinic of threat of an abortion in first trimester was observed at 61 women (52,1 %). A combination the pain also of vaginal discharge marked 27 pregnant women, pain set of symptoms - 25, discharge from sexual pathes - 9 pregnant women. Only 10 women of the complaints did not show. At realization UAE at 32-34 weeks the low locating of a placenta was kept at 36 women (30,8 %), and to 39 weeks - at 9 (7,7 %). At histological examination of placenta in all cases the changes, characteristic for chronic placental insufficiency, in 24 cases (20,5 %) - II of degree of severity are revealed. Were a little reduced compensatory adaptation processes: an angiomatosis, luminal narrowing of arterias basic villous. Among risk factors of originating of a low placentation is possible to discharge such, as high parity of labors, often currettages of the uterus cavity in an anamnesis, chronic inflammatory diseases of genital organs, uterine scar.

Conclusions. High perinatal risk at anomalies of localization of placenta is the precondition for the increased frequency of an operative delivery. Early diagnostics of anomalies of locating by placenta for development of optimum tactics of conducting pregnancy of labors is necessary.

Batrak N.

REVEALING AND TREATMENT HIDDEN HYPERPROLACTINEMIA AT INFRINGEMENT REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION

The Ivanovo state medical academy, Ivanovo, Russia

Introduction. Hyperprolactinemia an increase of level of Prolactinum of whey of blood. It is the most frequent biochemical marker of gipotalamo-hypophysial dysfunction. The reason hyperprolactinemia are not only prolactinoma, but also some clinical and physiological conditions, reception of some medical products.



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