**INFECTIOUS MONONUCLEOSIS .TREATMENT AND COMPLICATIONS**

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Actuality. Infectious mononucleosis (IM) is a widespread illness in the world. Difficulties of treatment and diagnostics cause significance of the study of this disease. Although most cases of acute IM are subclinical or require only supportive care, some cases can lead to severe or life-threatening complications.

Main of study. To estimate efficiency of conducted treatment and reveal complications of Infectious mononucleosis.

Materials and methods. We observed 98 patients with IM at ages from 3 years to 17 years.

Results and discussion. At 79 (80.6%) children illness occurred in mild form, at 19 (19.4%) patients had severe form of disease. 70 (71.4%) cases of illness were characterized by acute duration, 18 cases (19.4%) were characterized by protracted duration.

Treatment of patients was prescribed in according of severity of disease. In mild cases antipyretic, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory, antihistamine drugs, hepatoprotectors, desintoxication therapy, vitamins were used. In severe cases glucocorticosteroids, antiviral drugs were used. Antibacterial medicines were prescribed in case of bacterial complication.

Although on this treatment we revealed some complications. In two cases lymphoproliferative disease was suspected, two patients had thrombocytopenia, hepatitis was revealed in three cases. Therefore IM requires further study and development of new methods of diagnostic and treatment.