

Abstracts Number: 8127

Assessment of the Immune Status in Obese Asthma Patients

ACAAI Distinguished Industry Oral Abstracts

Should this abstract be considered for Distinguished Industry Oral Abstracts (For Industry Abstracts Only)?

No

ACAAI Scientific Research Abstracts

Category

Asthma, Other Lower Airway Disorders

ACAAI Scientific Research Abstracts

Title

Assessment of the Immune Status in Obese Asthma Patients

Abstract Body

Introduction. Obesity (Ob) may impact the immune status of patients with asthma.

Methods: 84 patients with uncontrolled moderate persistent asthma were compared, 30 patients with asthma (Group 1), 30 patients with asthma -overweight (Group 2), 24 patients with asthma- obesity (Group 3). 21 healthy subjects were the control group. Respiratory function and immune status were assessed.

Results: Group 1 had normal body mass (BMI was 20.54±0.33 kg/m2), Group 2 were overweight (BMI 28.56±0.68 kg/2); Group 3 were Ob (BMI 33.73±0.74 kg/m2). The immune status in Group 3 included significant increase of lymphocytes by 22.3% (35.5±2,4%), of CD3+ by 18.8% (82.7±2,2%), of CD19+ by 36.9% (15.4±2,2); increased serum IgA, g/l (2.12±0.29) and decreased total IgE IU/ml (98.81±10.35) in comparison with asthma patients with the normal body

weight (27.5 \pm 2.5% 66.1 \pm 2.1%; 10.2 \pm 1.2% – respectively) (?<0.05); (IgA g/l 1.87 \pm 0.11; IgE IU/ml 210.81 \pm 196.71). In comparison with healthy patients, the phagocytic activity of neutrophils, significant growth of the metabolic activity of neutrophils, and the index of neutrophil activation were found altered in all the groups of asthma patients. Correlation analysis showed the direct dependence on CD3+ (r=0.59; ?<0.01) and CD4+ (r=0.49; ?<0.01) between CD19+ and the coefficient of fat deposition centralization (r=0.8; ?<0.01).

Conclusion: Asthma and obesity is associated with increase of system inflammation, including increased number of leucocytes, T and B-cells, and decrease of reserve phagocytosis activity.

Educational Objective

Upon completion of this session, participants should be able to: identify that asthma and obesity is associated with increase of system inflammation, including increased number of leucocytes, T and B-cells, and decrease of reserve phagocytosis activity.

Will you be uploading a figure?

No

Off-label use of a Commercial product/device

Off-label Use of a Commercial Product/Device: Please choose the appropriate response regarding off-label use:

I do NOT intend to discuss an unapproved/investigative use of a commercial product/device and no such use is contained in the abstract.

IRB Approval

Was IRB/IACUC approval obtained for this abstract?

Yes

Submitter Only

Salutation Dr.

Company/Institution Immunology Research Institute of New England,

First Name Lawrence

Middle Name M.

Last Name DuBuske

Address1 358 Elm Street

Credentials (MD, MD

PhD, MBBS, etc.)

City Gardner

State Massachusetts

Zip Code 01440

Email ldubuske@aol.com

Country United States

Contact Phone

Number

(978) 632-8408

AUTHOR

Salutation Dr.

Company/Institution Kharkiv National Medical University

First Name Galyna

Middle Name

Last Name Yeryomenko

Address1

City Kharkiv

State

Zip Code

Email galyna0512@ukr.net

Country Ukraine

AUTHOR

Salutation Dr.

Company/Institution Kharkiv National Medical University

First Name Tetyana

Middle Name

Last Name Bezditko

Address1

City Kharkiv

State

Zip Code

Email <u>tvbezdetko@gmail.com</u>

Country Ukraine

PRESENTING AUTHOR

Salutation Dr.

Company/Institution Immunology Research Institute of New England,

First Name Lawrence

Middle Name M.

Last Name DuBuske

Address1 358 Elm Street

Credentials (MD, PhD, MBBS, etc.)

 MD

City Gardner

State Massachusetts

Zip Code 01440

Email ldubuske@aol.com

Country United States

Contact Phone

Number

(978) 632-8408

©2023 American College of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology - All Rights Reserved.