



International scientific conference

ProConference

International scientific publication

"Global science and education in the modern realities '2023"
onference proceedings

MAY 202.

Published by:
ProConference
in conjunction with KindleDP
Seattle, Washington, USA

Reviewed and recommended for publication The decision of the Organizing Committee of the conference "Global science and education in the modern realities '2023" No 18 on May 10, 2023

Organizing Committee: More than 200 doctors of science. Full list on page: https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc

DOI: 10.30888/2709-2267.2023-18

Published by:
ProConference
in conjunction with KindleDP
Seattle, Washington, USA

Copyright
© Collective of authors, scientific texts, 2023
© ProConference, general edition and design, 2023

ISBN 979-8-3986978-6-5

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-027

DOI: 10.30888/2709-2267.2023-18-01-027

UDC 616.894-053.8-092.2:612.273.2:577.121.7

THE EFFECT OF HEMIC HYPOXIA THAT OCCURRED IN RATS WITH NITRITE-INDUCED DEMENTIA ON THE DYNAMICS OF BIOCHEMICAL INDICATORS OF ENERGY METABOLISM IN BRAINS

Pavlova O.O.

d.t.s., prof.

ORCID: 0000-0002-0570-3931

Lukyanova Y.M.

Kharkiv National Medical University, Kharkiv, Nauky Avenue 4, 61022

Abstract. Have been considered the role of hemic hypoxia, which arose against the background of nitrite-induced dementia of the Alzheimer type in rats on the dynamics in biochemical indicators of energy metabolism, the degree of hypoxia, the content of acetylcholine in the brain tissue homogenate in comparison to the control, where it was found: a decrease in the synthesis and transport of acetylcholine, the intensity of energy exchange, an integral indicator of the decrease in the level of which is the ATP content. The level of cholinodeficiency, hypoxia, and tissue energy supply (ATP) was almost the same between the Nitr-14 and Nitr-28 groups, but the level of cardiolipin in brain homogenates decreased proportionally with increasing duration of sodium nitrite administration.

Keywords: nitrite-induced dementia Alzheimer type, brain tissue homogenate, energy metabolism, cholinodeficiency

Alzheimer's disease is a multifactorial progressive neurodegenerative disease characterized by a violation of protein conformation with subsequent protein aggregation and loss of brain neurons [1,2]. An important role in its progression is played by cerebrovascular and cardiovascular diseases, which cause brain hypoxia [3]. It is known that nerve cells of the brain are very sensitive to hypoxia and energy deficit [4]. In mitochondria, as the main "synthesizers" of ATP, under the influence of hypoxia during the transfer of electrons from the respiratory chain, reactive oxygen species (ROS) are formed due to an excess of which damage to cells and tissues is possible [5,6]. Thus, the issue of the dynamics of changes in biochemical indicators of energy metabolism, and the degree of hypoxia that occurs against the background of nitrite-induced dementia is an actual link of pathogenesis and requires further clarification.

The aim of the study was to determine the effect of hemic hypoxia that occurred in rats with nitrite-induced dementia of the Alzheimer type on the dynamics of biochemical indicators of energy metabolism, the degree of hypoxia, and the content of acetylcholine in brain homogenates.

The study involved 24 male rats from the WAG population, weighing between 180-230g. They were divided into 3 groups, each comprising of 8 rats. The experiment utilized a non-transgenic nitrite-induced model to simulate dementia of the Alzheimer type. The control group (group C) received intraperitoneal injections of 0.5 ml of 0.9% aqueous sodium chloride solution for 14 and 28 days. Nitrite-induced dementia was modeled by administering an aqueous solution of sodium nitrite (Nitr) at a dose of 50 mg/kg per rat daily. Mitochondria were isolated from the brain using the method of differential centrifugation. Separation of lipids into

fractions was carried out by the method of thin-layer chromatography on silica gel plates Silufol (Czech Republic)[7]. To identify the lipids, we exposed them to iodine vapors and compared them to a standard. To determine the cardiolipin content (nmol/mg protein), we used Bartlett G.'s method. We measured the acetylcholine (AC) content (μ g/g) and ATP (μ mol/g) content in brain homogenates using spectrophotometric methods. We evaluated the normality of the sample distribution using the Shapiro-Wilkie test and used non-parametric tests to compare independent groups of variables based on the results.

The results of the study and their discussion In animals with nitrite-induced dementia, there were noticeable changes in the level of ATP in the rat brain tissue compared to the control group. The level of ATP significantly decreased after 14-day (1.2-fold) and 28-day (1.4-fold) administration of nitrite sodium. Additionally, the concentration of cardiolipin, a crucial lipid in mitochondrial membranes that coordinates the work of oxidative complexes in the respiratory chain, decreased in all studied groups. The most significant decrease was observed in the rats of the Nitr-28 group, with a decrease of 2.3 times (Table 1).

Table 1. Biochemical indicators of energy metabolism, degree of hypoxia, acetylcholine content in rats with nitrite-induced dementia of the Alzheimer type

Indicators	Control group (C)	Group Nitr-14	Group Nitr-28	Гру Nit
AC, μg/g	2,54±0,17 (2) *	2,17±0,07	2,3±0,03 (2) *	2,17
ATP	2,83±0,01 (1) *	2,3±0,01 (C) *	2,03±0,02 (C) *	2,3±0,0
Cardiolipin nmol/mg protein	51,94±0,06 (1) *	26,66±0,1 (C) *	21,84±0,09 (C) *	26,66±0

The data is displayed as the mean values and standard error of the mean.

The introduction of sodium nitrite resulted in a decrease in the level of acetylcholine in the brains of rats in the Nitr-14 and Nitr-28 groups, as compared to the control group (Table 1). These changes in biochemical parameters were significant after 14 and 28 days of sodium nitrite administration. It is worth noting that the levels of cholinodeficiency, hypoxia, and ATP in the Nitr-14 and Nitr-28 groups were similar. However, there was a decrease in the level of cardiolipin in brain homogenates as the duration of sodium nitrite increased.

Conclusions. Based on the experimental data gathered, it has been found that the addition of sodium nitrite plays a crucial role in altering the biochemical indicators of energy metabolism and causing brain hypoxia in rats and is considered to be a relevant link that contributes to the development of Alzheimer's disease.

^{*}p<0.05 - indicates that there is a significant difference between the data of the groups (in parentheses), statistical significance (Kruskal-Wallis analysis of variance and Dunn's multiple comparisons test).

CONTENTS

Innovative engineering, technology and industry

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-005

- 3

PROSPECTS OF THE USE AND ANALYSIS OF BIOMASS TYPES OF THE POLTAVA REGION AS SOURCES OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY Basova Y.O., Levchenko Y.V., Suprovych O.S.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-016

7

PERSPECTIVES OF THE SOLAR ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AND ITS EFFECT ON THE OPERATION OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY SYSTEMS Buslova N., Dmitriyev V.

Computer science, cybernetics and automatics

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-029

12

THE ES_RFCHD EXPERT SYSTEM FOR THE ANDROID PLATFORM Burdaev V.P.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-034

16

HARTLEY AMPLITUDE MODULATION

Kokhanov A.B., Startsev V.I., Yemelianov S.V.

Dereviagin Y.V., Pascu D.G., Barabanjv N. A.

Architecture and construction

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-015

21

PHYSICS OF FLUCTUATIONS IN SPACE-TIME DIMENSIONS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF URBANIZED TERRITORIES AS ECOLOGIC-URBAN PLANNING SYSTEMS

Ustinova I.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-022

28

CONSRTUCTION OF INCLUSIVE URBAN SPACE BY MEANS OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

Ustinova I.. Matsokha A.

Physics and mathematics

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-010

34

ASPECTS OF MULTI-CRITERION SELECTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE DECISIONS

Mormul M. F., Shchytov D. M. Shchytov O. M., Rudyanova T. M.

Chemistry and pharmaceuticals

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-003

41

ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF USING THE RED SLADGE IN THE SYNTHESIS OF INORGANIC PIGMENTS COFFE-BROWN COLOUR

Ivanyuk E.V., Suprunchuk V.I.

Medicine and health care

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-011

45

CORRELATION OF CERVICAL TEETH INJURIES WITH DENTIN HYPERAESTHESIA IN YOUNG PEOPLE

Zabolotna I.I., Bogdanova T.L. Komlev A.A., Yurina L.M.

Pavlova O.O., Lukyanova Y.M.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-026

50

IMPLEMENTATION OF STATE SOCIAL AND HYGIENE MONITORING – THE MAIN TASK OF THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION Zaitsev V.V.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-027

53

THE EFFECT OF HEMIC HYPOXIA THAT OCCURRED IN RATS WITH NITRITE-INDUCED DEMENTIA ON THE DYNAMICS OF BIOCHEMICAL INDICATORS OF ENERGY METABOLISM IN BRAINS

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-032

56

MOTIVATION FOR TRAINING FUTURE PHARMACISTS Chornenka Zh.

Agriculture, forestry, fishery and water management

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-012

58

PROBLEMS OF PLANTATION GROWING OF ST. JOHN'S WORT (Hypericum perforatum L.)

Pospielov S.V., Pospielova G.D., Semenko M.V.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-017

61

KHARKIV SCHOOL OF FOREST TYPOLOGY, ITS SIGNIFICANCE IN THE MODERN EDUCATIONAL PROCESS

Pozniakova S.I.

Lemishovska O.S.

Economy and trade

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-018

66

UKRAINIAN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ABROAD AND THEIR INFLUENCE ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ACCOUNTING SPHERE IN THE SYSTEM OF UKRAINIAN COOPERATION OF EASTERN HALICHINA IN THE FIRST HALF OF THE 20TH CENTURY: THE TRANSNATIONAL DIMENSION

Management and marketing

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-025

71

METRICS AND INDICATORS IN ADAPTATION PROCESS OF EMPLOYEES AT SOCIAL ENTERPRISES

Yurchenko H.M.

Education and pedagogy

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-006

76

THE STRUCTURE OF ARTISTIC ABILITIES OF YOUNGER STUDENTS: MOTIVATIONAL COMPONENT Ren Wei

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-013

79

THE ROLE OF SCANNING FOR TEACHING READING TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

Shalova N.S., Khymai N.I., Zarivna O.T.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-020

82

FORMATION OF THE COMPETENCE OF PEDAGOGICAL PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN TEACHERS AND PARENTS OF STUDENTS ON COURSES OF IMPROVING PEDAGOGICAL QUALIFICATIONS

Shopina M.O., Yakunin Y.Y.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-023

85

CRITERIA AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS OF TNE ORGANIZATION OF SELF-EDUCATION ACTIVITIES IN THE INFORMATION AND EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENT OF MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION Barjadze R.V.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-030

88

MASS-MEDIA AS A FACTOR OF FORMING NEW COMMON REALITY

Samoilenko O. V., Kornieieva O. M.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-031

90

SCOPE AND FORMS OF AESTHETIC EDUCATION OF STUDENTS IN THE SYSTEM OF OUT-OF-SCHOOL EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS OF UKRAINE

Varnavska L.I., Viktorova M.V., Serhieieva V. M.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-033

96

TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGE TO FUTURE AGRONOMISTS: POINTS TO CONSIDER

Holovko I.O.

Physical education and sport

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-002

101

THE EFFECT OF SWIMMING ON THE ABILITY TO RESIST HYPOXIA IN CHILDREN AGED 11-15 YEARS WITH THE CONSEQUENCES OF BRONCHOPULMONARY DISEASES

Salnykova S.V., Puzdymir M.I., Holovkina V.V.

Philology, linguistics and literary studies

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-001

106

THE RELEVANCE OF TEACHING THE UKRAINIAN LANGUAGE AS A FOREIGN LANGUAGE UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF MARITAL STATE

Vekua O.V.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-008

109

A LOOK AT THE HISTORY OF PHRASEOLOGY

Halazdra S.I., Pidvysotska G.V.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-019

112

THE FUNCTION OF ORNITHONYMS IN "TALES OF THE PECULIAR" BY RANSOM RIGGS

Aleksenko V. F.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-024

115

LINGUAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL FUNDAMENTALS OF THE CATEGORY OF REFERENCE (BASED ON ENGLISH, UKRAINIAN AND RUSSIAN)

Terekhova S.I.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-028

110

ON INTERPRETING THE USE OF ZOONYMS IN FICTION Slobodiak S.I.

History

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-004

122

RELIGIOUS POLICY OF THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE IN GALICIA ON THE EVE OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR Baran. I. V.

Art history and culture

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-007

125

FORMATION OF CULTURAL AND SPIRITUAL VALUES IN THE MODERN YOUTH ENVIRONMENT

Ryzheva N.A., Marynchenko H.M.

https://www.proconference.org/index.php/usc/article/view/usc18-01-014

129

PAINTING PORTRAIT OF MYKOLA KOSTOMAROV WITH THE BRUSH OF IVAN TRUSH: PROVENANCE, ATTRIBUTION AND EXPERTISE

Yamash Y. V.

International scientific conference

Global science and education in the modern realities '2023

May, 2023

ProConference in conjunction with KindleDP Seattle, Washington, USA

Articles published in the author's edition

With the support of research project ProConference www.proconference.org





