ДВНЗ «ТЕРНОПІЛЬСЬКИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ МЕДИЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ ІМЕНІ І. Я. ГОРБАЧЕВСЬКОГО МОЗ УКРАЇНИ»

TERNOPIL DENTAL SUMMIT

МАТЕРІАЛИ НАУКОВО-ПРАКТИЧНОЇ КОНФЕРЕНЦІЇ З МІЖНАРОДНОЮ УЧАСТЮ

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The polymerization of the composite cement was performed with the wireless 5W LED photo-polymerisation lamp Translux Power Blue (Heraeus Kulzer GmbH, Germany) followed by polishing one of the proposed polishing systems.

Results and discussion. Assessment of quality of indirect restorations, the state surrounding hard tissue of tooth was performed at 6, 12 and 24 months according the following criteria.

THE DEPENDENCE OF THE QUALITY OF LIFE OF PATIENTS WITH POSTTRAUMATIC DEFECTS OF THE UPPER JAW FROM ORTHOPEDIC TREATMENT

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Before dentists increases the urgency of the problem physical, emotional, psychological, social rehabilitation of patients with congenital, posttraumatic, postoperative defects and deformation of areas of the dentition, complicated by violation of the functions of respiration, speech, chewing, swallowing. The need of the population of Ukraine in prosthetics removable and non-removable structures are quite high and accounts for about 80%, and the level of satisfaction in various regions of Ukraine (22,0÷38,0)%, which is a prerequisite for the prevention of complications and improve the reliability, quality and increase in terms of clinical operation of structures materials for dentures. The frequency of gunshot wounds of the face in time of war is 5,19-10,7%, including the share of the ball accounts for 25%. In 68.3% of cases, they are accompanied by multisplintered fractures, 25.6% of the victims remain the disadvantages of bone structures and soft tissues (28,37%).







The treatment and rehabilitation of patients with acquired maxillo-facial defects (AMFD) are the most actual medical-social problems of modern dentistry. In the system of specialized dental care important adequate and comprehensive rehabilitation measures, as AMFD most often accompanied by severe functional and esthetic disorders leading to restriction of life, to social exclusion and deep sociopsychological problems of the existence of the patient.

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Unfortunately, data about the frequency of occurrence AMFD among the population of the country has no official statistics. The lack of the system of state statistical recording of such patients will inevitably impact on the organization, planning and providing optimal orthopaedic care tailored to the real needs of it. Only a separate and limited amount of information in the literature give an idea of the frequency of occurrence of certain types of maxillofacial defects in different population groups and on the annual increase in the number of patients needing prosthetics.

In this regard, the main goal and objectives become the quest in the complex of rehabilitation measures, as strictly individual, differentiated methodological approach to the diagnosis, therapeutic, gastroenterological and orthopedic treatment of patients with oncological diseases after resection of the upper jaw, with the aim of improving the quality of life of patients.

One of the basic objectives of the European strategy is to improve the quality of life of patients, in particular due to new therapeutic and preventive technologies and clinical monitoring of the effectiveness of specialized medical care.



