## 8th International Conference PHYSICS OF LIQUID MATTER: MODERN PROBLEMS

## May 18-22, 2018

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# ABSTRACTS

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#### FREE AND CONFINED WATER AT THE ERYTHROCYTE MEMBRANES OF HEALTHY AND INVALID INDIVIDUALS: A MICROWAVE DIELECTROMETRY STUDY

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Blood is a concentrated suspension of red blood cells (RBC) and its physical properties are essential for proper circulation, oxygen delivery and nutrition of tissues. Especially its dielectric parameters are of relevance for medical diagnostics [1-3], cell separation, checking the deterioration of preserved blood, dielectric coagulometry and other medical applications. As it was shown by microwace dielectrometry (f=9.2 GHz), the real Re( $\epsilon$ ) and imaginary Im( $\epsilon$ ) parts of the complex dielectric permittivity  $\epsilon$  of diluted suspensions of RBC and RBC ghosts of the blood sampled from patients with different types of cancer [2] and stroke [3] differ from those in healthy donors.

In this study  $Re(\varepsilon)$  and  $Im(\varepsilon)$  values have been measurement in the patients before and after X-ray and chemical treatment. The corresponding dependencies are presented in fig.1a,b. The differences between the healthy donors and patients are temperature dependent. After the successful treatment the dielectric properties return to the normal values. The proposed mechanism of the dielectric changes is based on the disease-specific modifications of the RBC membranes. The corresponding mathematical models are presented and discussed based on the experimental data.

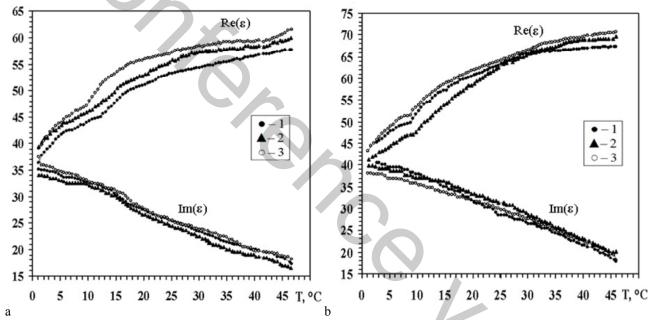


Fig.1. The dependencies  $\text{Re}(\varepsilon)$  and  $\text{Im}(\varepsilon)$  versus ambient temperature for RBC suspensions (a) and RBCe ghosts (b) measured on the control group (1) and groups of patients with breast (2) and lung cancer (3).

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